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Telesio: A. Cuschieri. G. Amendola, Maine de Biran: E. CHIOCCHETTI. D. Halévy, La vita di Federigo Nietzsche: F. Olgiati. G. Calo, Fatti e problemi del mondo educativo. Tra riviste e libri. Sommario ideologico.

REVUE PHILOSOPHIQUE. April, 1912. Les idées directrices de la physique méchaniste (pp. 337-366): A. Rey. - A current doctrine insists that science only establishes external relations of things and contains only technical, empirical formulas. The author attempts to show by positive historical fact that science has developed through a mass of realistic and rationalistic conceptions, i. e., philosophic ideas, and can not be understood apart from them. La psycho-analyse applicée a l'étude objective de l'imagination (pp. 367-396): N. Kostyleff. - A study of the results that have been obtained by applying the methods of Freud to the study of imagination, especially in abnormal cases. Le raisonnement par l'absurde et la méthode des résidus (pp. 397-403): A. Berrod. - A psychological study of reductio ad absurdum and the method of residues. Analyses et comptes rendus. Ranzoli, Il languaggio dei filosofi: Fr. PAULHAN. Dr. Gustave Le Bon, Les opinions et les croyances: G. DAVY. Brugeilles, Le droit et la sociologie: G. RICHARD. Miceli, Lezioni di filosofia del diritto: G. RICHARD. Petrone, Il diritto nel mundo dello spirito: G. RICHARD. L. Secrétan, Charles Secrétan, sa vie et son œuvre: A. Notices. Bibliographiques. Revue des périodiques étrangers.

Macran, H. S. Hegel's Doctrine of Formal Logic. Oxford: Clarendon Press. 1912. Pp. 315. 7s. 6d.

Whitehead, Alfred North, and Russell, Bertrand. Principia Mathematica.
Vol. II. Cambridge: University Press. 1912. Pp. xviii + 772. \$10.

NOTES AND NEWS

The Nation comments as follows on Andrew Lang whose death occured on July 21: "Andrew Lang deserved in his lifetime to rank with William James as a vivid proof that personality is more than learning. A man of solid attainments in several branches of knowledge, he was always superior to his material, and, whether he was deep in early Scottish history, or meeting all comers in disputes about the origins of human society, or correcting Anatole France's use of the sources relating to Joan of Arc, he allowed his intellect to play freely and lightly, and could by no possibility be thought of as a pedant. And in the broad sweep of his verse and criticism and essay writing and multifarious discussion, it was always the man of genial humor and wit that left no sting who impressed himself upon the imagination of his readers. In a large way, his extraordinary versatility and his prolific pen were doubtless a detriment to his enduring fame. It would not be fair to say of him that knowledge was his forte and omniscience his foible, but the witticism about him, that

Andrew Lang was not a man but a syndicate, is hardly one that a great scholar would gladly hear of himself. Roam broadly as an acquisitive mind may to-day, the specialization of the whole field of knowledge compels a certain Beschränkung on the part of those who would display real mastery. Harnack's opinion is that in 1700 the most encyclopædic mind was that of Leibnitz, and that in 1800 it was Goethe's. For 1600, we might say that it was Bacon's, but whom should we dare put forward for 1900? Possibly, Lord Acton, though there were vast ranges of knowledge—especially scientific—where he seldom browsed. The encyclopædic mind has necessarily gone out, by comparison. Mr. Lang really made no pretensions to possessing it. But he lighted up history and speculation and life at many points, and led thousands to feel that he was a man whom it would be delightful to know."

Alfred Foullée, member of the Academie des Sciences morales et politiques, died at Lyons, on July 16. He was born at La Pouëze in 1838. Among his numerous philosophical works perhaps "Morale des Ideesforces" and "La Pensée et les nouvelles écoles anti-intellectualistes" best illustrate his own philosophical tendencies.

PROFESSOR WILBUR M. URBAN, of Trinity College, has been granted leave of absence for a year. He will spend much time in Graz in study and investigation with Professor A. Meinong. Mr. Carl Vernon Tower will take his place at Trinity during the year.

A MEETING of the Aristotelian Society, London, was held on July 1. Mr. D. L. Murray read a paper entitled "A Modern Materialist: A Study of the Philosophy of George Santayana." The paper was followed by a discussion.

Dr. Joseph Jastrow, professor of psychology in the University of Wisconsin, has given three lectures on "The Sensibilities," "The Emotions," and "The Appraisal of Human Qualities," at the summer session of the University of California.—Science.

Dr. Walter F. Dearborn, professor in the school of education at the University of Chicago, has been appointed assistant professor of education at Harvard University.

Dr. Harlan Updegraff, of the United States Bureau of Education, has been appointed professor of education and head of that department in Northwestern University.

Dr. Morris R. Cohen, formerly instructor in mathematics, has been promoted to assistant professor of philosophy at the College of the City of New York.

PROFESSOR DÜRCK, formerly director of the pathologic institute at Jena, has undertaken the direction of the pathologic institute at Rio de Janeiro.

Dr. H. G. Hartmann, of Columbia University, has been appointed instructor in philosophy at the University of Cincinnati.

Dr. George R. Wells has been appointed instructor in psychology at Oberlin College.